阅读D

Meiyu，born in 1995， is from Turkey（土耳其）．She is the youngest child of her family．After high school，many people learned English or Japanese，but Meiyu decided to learn Chinese in university．She learned Chinese for four years in Ankara University in Turkey，and got her name Meiyu there．

Meiyu fell in love with Chinese after going to university．She became more interested after she knew more about Chinese history．She graduated(毕业) from Ankara University in 2017．Since then，more Chinese have been visiting Turkey．The trade between the two countries also needs Chinese﹣speaking people．"Speaking Chinese means more job opportunities" said Meiyu．

Now Meiyu has been in Wuhan，China for about two years．Besides going on studying Chinese, she shows great interest in Chinese kung fu as well，so she spends her free time on kung fu training with her coaches．Not only can kung fu help improve(改善) her health，but she is also interested in the history and culture behind it．Meiyu said，"The more I know about China，the luckier I feel to have been here．But the truth is that fun and pain go together in the process of learning．"

In the future, Meiyu decides to go back to Turkey to teach more students to learn Chinese.

1．Where did Meiyu learn Chinese at first?

A．In China． B．In Turkey． C．In India． D．In Australia．

2．How old was Meuyu when she graduated from Ankara University in 2017?

A．22 B．25 C．27 D．18

3．What's probably the meaning of the word "opportunities" in this passage？

A．decisions B．orders C．meanings D．chances

4．Why does Meiyu spend her free time on kung fu training with her coaches？

A．Because she shows great interest in Chinese kung fu．

B．Because she has to learn kung fu to graduate．

C．Because she wants to teach kung fu in Turkey．

D．Because she wants to take part in kung fu competitions．

5．What can you learn from the passage?

A．Meiyu is the only child of her family．

B．Meiyu is not interested in Chinese now.

C．Chinese culture has greatly influenced Meiyu.

D．Meiyu decides to stay in China in the future.

1．B

2．A

3．D

4．A

5．C

【解析】

【分析】

短文大意：梅雨是一个土耳其女孩，在高中时很多同学选择学习英语或日语，但她选择了汉语。当她2017年大学毕业时，随着两国贸易的增多，汉语在土耳其已经需求很大了。现在她在武汉学习汉语，还迷上了中国功夫。未来，梅雨决定回土耳其教学生学习汉语。

1．细节理解题，根据第一段最后一句“She learned Chinese for four years in Ankara University in Turkey，and got her name Meiyu there.”梅雨在士耳其安卡拉大学学习了四年汉语。故答案选B。

2．数字计算题。根据第一段中的句子“Meiyu, born in 1995”以及第二段中的句子“She graduated(毕业) from Ankara University in 2017.”梅雨1995年出生，2017年毕业于安卡拉大学（Ankara University）。2017-1995=22，故答案为A。

3．词义猜测题。A. decisions决定；B. orders命令；C. meanings意思；D. chances机会。根据文中句子“Since then，more Chinese have been visiting Turkey．The trade between the two countries also needs Chinese﹣speaking people.”可知，随着更多的中国人来到土耳其和两国贸易的不断增多，需要很多说汉语的人才，因此会说汉语就意味着拥有更多的工作机会，故答案选D。

4．细节理解题。根据第三段中的句子“Besides going on studying Chinese, she shows great interest in Chinese kung fu as well，so she spends her free time on kung fu training with her coaches.”可知，梅雨对中国功夫也很感兴趣，所以她把业余时间花在和教练一起练习中国功夫上。故答案为A。

5．推理判断题。根据倒数第二段中的句子“Not only can kung fu help improve(改善) her health，but she is also interested in the history and culture behind it．Meiyu said，"The more I know about

China，the luckier I feel to have been here．But the truth is that fun and pain go together in the process of learning．”可知，中国功夫不仅能帮助改善梅雨的健康，而且她也喜欢中国功夫背后的历史和文化，她即使回国，她也要选择汉语教育的工作，可以判断中国文化对她影很大。故答案选C。

Once upon a time, a wealthy old man lived alone in a big house. He was growing weaker day by day and was unable to take care of himself, so he decided to hire（雇佣） a nurse to help with housework and take care of him.

One day, the old man interviewed two nurses —Anthony and Peter. Anthony happened to be a handsome young man, while Peter looked quite ordinary (普通的). The old man asked Anthony to make tea for him. After Anthony left, the old man turned to Peter and said, “Anthony has given me a very bad account（描述） of you. He said you are rude(粗鲁的) and untrustworthy (不可信赖的) . Is this correct? ”

Peter thought for a minute and said, “If Anthony has a bad opinion of me, there must be something wrong with me. I should take some time to change these things.”

The old man was very impressed by Peter’s character. Meanwhile, Anthony returned with a cup of tea for the old man, The old man sent Peter to make breakfast for him. He then turned to Anthony and told him, “Peter spoke very poorly of you while you were gone. What do you think about this? ” After hearing this, Anthony became angry and started cursing(咒骂).

In the end, the old man hired Peter. Although Peter looked quite ordinary, he had impressive inner(内在的) beauty.

1．What did the old man want a nurse to do?

A．Live with him.

B．Help with housework and look after his wife.

C．Work as a doctor.

D．Help with housework and look after him.

2．What did Anthony look like?

A．Handsome. B．Ordinary. C．Old. D．Ugly.

3．The old man told Peter that Anthony\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．had had some bad words of him B．had praised him

C．did not trust him D．considered him to be not important

4．How did Peter react(反应 ) when he heard the old man's words?

A．He was angry. B．He took it seriously.

C．He didn't believe him. D．He blamed (责备 ) Anthony.

5．What can we learn from the passage?

A．Ordinary people are more trustworthy.

B．Handsome men must be good men.

C．Inner beauty is more important than appearance.

D．Others' opinions are always correct.

1．D

2．A

3．A

4．B

5．C

【解析】

【分析】

本篇文章难度适中，主要讲述一个老人要雇佣一个护士照顾他。一天他面试了两个人，安东尼和彼得。安东尼长得很帅，而彼得很普通。当这个老人对彼得说安东尼说彼得的坏话时，彼得虚心接受并打算花时间改变他自己。而当老人对安东尼说彼得说安东尼的坏话时，安东尼很生气并开始大骂。最后这个老人雇佣了彼得。最后告诉我们一个道理，即内在美比外表更重要。

1．细节理解题。根据so he decided to hire（雇佣）a nurse to help with housework and take care of him可知，这个男人想要招聘一个护士来帮他做家务和照顾他，故选D。

2．细节理解题。根据Anthony happened to be a handsome young man, while Peter looked quite ordinary (普通的)可知，安东尼长得帅，而彼得很普通，故选A。

3．细节理解题。根据“Anthony has given me a very bad account（描述） of you. He said you are rude(粗鲁的) and untrustworthy (信赖的) . Is this

correct? ”可知，这个老人告诉彼得，安东尼说他坏话，故选A。

4．细节理解题。根据Peter thought for a minute and said, “If Anthony has a bad opinion of me, there must be something wrong with me. I should take some time to change these things.”可知，彼得想了几分钟并说，如果安东尼对我有不好的看法。我一定有什么错的地方，我应该花时间改变这些东西。所以彼得严肃对待这件事。故选B。

5．主旨大意题、根据Although Peter looked quite ordinary, he had impressive inner(内在的) beauty以及全文可知，尽管彼得看起来非常普通，他有令人印象深刻的内在美，所以内在美比外表更重要，故选C。

One day, a man saw an old lady sitting inside her car at the side of the road. Though it was dark, he could see she needed help. So he stopped his car and walked towards her. The old lady was worried, even though she noticed the smile on his face. Was he going to hurt her? “I’ll help you start your car, madam. By the way, my name is Bryan Anderson, ” he said.

While Anderson was fitting a spare tired(备胎) to her car, the lady began to talk to him. She thanked him much for coming to help.

Anderson just smiled as he put his tools away. The lady asked how much she should pay him. He told her that if she really wanted to pay him back, the next time she saw someone who needed help, she could give them the help they needed. He waited until she started her car and drove off.

A few miles down the road, the lady saw a small restaurant. She went in and a waitress came over with a sweet smile. The old lady noticed the waitress was nearly eight months pregnant(怀孕的), but she never let the pains and aches change her smile when she served her.

The lady finished her meal and paid with a hundred-dollar bill. The waitress quickly went to get change, but the old lady was gone when the waitress came back. The waitress wondered where the lady could be. Then she found there was a note on the napkin(餐巾), “You don’t need to give me anything back. Somebody once helped me out the way I’m helping you. If you really want to pay me back, here is what you do—do not let this chain(链子) of love end with you.”

Under the napkin were four more $100 bills.

1．Why did Anderson tell his name to the old lady?

A．Because he wanted to check if the lady knew him.

B．Because he hoped that may help relax the lady.

C．Because he thought he could be paid back one day.

D．Because he wanted to leave his name for doing good things.

2．What does the underlined word they refer to (指的是)?

A．The old lady and Anderson. B．The people who need help.

C．The old lady and the waitress. D．The people who help others.

3．Which is the right order of the old lady’s feelings?

①Thankful ②Happy ③Worried ④Helpless ⑤Willing and ready to help

A．④③①⑤② B．④①③②⑤ C．③②①⑤④ D．③①④⑤②

4．What can be inferred(推断) from the passage?

A．The meal cost the old lady 400 dollars.

B．Anderson must be helped by someone before.

C．The old lady was able to fit a spare tire herself.

D．The waitress will probably help someone later.

5．What’s the best title for the passage?

A．The Help of Strangers B．The Power of Smile

C．The China of Love D．The Bill of Kindness

1．B

2．B

3．A

4．D

5．A

【解析】

【分析】

文章大意：本文是一篇记叙文，主要讲述了爱的传递的两个小故事，一个男人看见一个女士陷入了难题，便停车为她解决了这个问题，他对女士说：如果想报答我，就去帮助别人吧。女士在经过一家餐厅时，看见怀孕的女服务员很辛苦，就偷偷地给了这位服务员一些钱。

1．推理判断题。根据文中的信息The old lady was worried, even though she noticed the smile on his face. Was he going to hurt her?这位老妇人担心Anderson会伤害她，可推知她可能很紧张，所以Anderson告诉她自己的名字，为的是使这位老妇人放轻松，故答案选B。

2．词义猜测题。根据上文the next time she saw someone who needed help,下次她看到有人需要帮助时，结合本句she could give them the help they needed.她可以给予他们需要的帮助；由此可知they是指上文提到的那些需要帮助的人，故答案选B。

3．理解排序题。通读全文可知，首先是老妇人的车坏在了路上，她感到很无助（Helpless）；Anderson路过想帮助她，但她担心（Worried）Anderson会伤害她；Anderson告诉她自己的名字，并帮助了她，老妇人想给他钱感谢（Thankful）他；老妇人在一个餐馆里帮助了一个孕妇，（说明她乐于助人Willing and ready to help）；最后从老妇人给孕妇留的字条上可以看出，老妇人感到很幸福（Happy），因为她让爱的链条得到了延续。结合选项可知A选项符合题意，故答案选A。

4．理解判断题。通读全文可知，Anderson帮助一个年纪大的女士，并告诉他自己不需要感谢，只希望她把帮助别人这个好习惯传递下去，然后这位年纪大的女士又帮助了一位孕妇服务员，同样她希望这位孕妇服务员也把帮助别人这个好习惯传递下去；由此可推知，这位孕妇服务员以后可能会帮助别人，故答案选D。

5．标题归纳题。根据文中的信息Somebody once helped me out the way I’m helping you. If you really want to pay me back, here is what you do—do not let this chain(链子) of love end with you. 有人也这样帮助了我，你也可以这样做，不要让这条爱之链随着你而结束。所以应该是帮助他人，传递爱心。结合选项A. The Help of Strangers陌生人的帮助；B. The Power of Smile微笑的力量；C. The China of Love爱的中国；D. The Bill of Kindness仁慈的比尔；可知A选项符合题意，故答案选A。

It’s reported that more than 450 million Chinese have myopia(近视). Around 30 percent for primary school students, 60 percent for junior high students and 80 percent for senior high students are nearsighted. Maybe this is because students spend a lot of time reading books and using electronic products.

Parents might have tried to do something to fix it, such as having their children get eye

massages(按摩), take medicine or even get surgery. People who offer these services or products often promise that they can reduce(缓解) or even cure(治愈) myopia.

However, you will no longer see advertisements like this before long. The government has made a notice to ban(禁止) this kind of advertisements. The notice bans businesses from using words like “recovery”(恢复) and “myopia cure” in their advertisements. The notice says that myopia cannot be completely cured with medical technology now. As a result, these advertisements could mislead children and their parents.

To reduce myopia among young people, the government made a new plan last August. The plan limits(限制) not only the time children play video games but also the production of new video games.

Young people can prevent and control myopia by spending more time outside and less time in front of books or computers. People who have eyesight problems should go to a hospital and let a doctor decide what to do.

1．What’s the myopia rate of junior high students according to the passage?

A．30%. B．45%. C．60%. D．80%.

2．Parents might do the following EXCEPT to fix myopia according to Paragraph 2.

A．have their children get eye massages B．buy them special glasses

C．make their children take medicine D．get their children to do surgery

3．You won’t see advertisements on myopia with the word “ ” in the near future.

A．recovery B．eyesight C．medical D．reduce

4．Which sentence is True according to Paragraph 4 and 5?

A．Students in lower grades are easy to get myopia.

B．Production of new video games has been limited.

C．Spending less time outdoors is good for children’s eyesight.

D．The notice gives advice on protecting the eyesight of elderly people.

5．What can we learn from the passage?

A．Don’t believe the advertisements.

B．Students shouldn’t be allowed to play video games.

C．The government and people are saving children’s eyesight.

D．Myopia can be cured with the medical technology at present.

1．C

2．B

3．A

4．B

5．C

【解析】

【分析】

本文介绍了中国人的近视问题。文章指出超过4.5亿中国人患有近视。大约30%的小学生，60%的初中生和80%的高中生是近视。为了减少年轻人的近视，政府去年8月制定了一项新计划。该计划不仅限制了儿童玩电子游戏的时间，而且还限制了新游戏的制作。年轻人可以通过花更多的时间在外面而更少的时间在书本或电脑前来预防和控制近视。有视力问题的人应该去医院，让医生决定怎么做。

1．细节理解题。根据Around 30 percent for primary school students, 60 percent for junior high students and 80 percent for senior high students are nearsighted. 大约30%的小学生，60%的初中生和80%的高中生是近视。可知，初中生的近视率为60%。故选C。

2．细节理解题。根据Parents might have tried to do something to fix it, such as having their children get eye massages(按摩), take medicine or even get surgery. 父母可能会尝试做一些事情来解决这个问题，比如让他们的孩子做眼部按摩，吃药，甚至做手术。可知，给他们买特制的眼镜在文中没有提到。故选B。

3．细节理解题。根据The notice bans businesses from using words like“recovery”(恢复) and “myopia cure”in their advertisements. 该通知禁止企业在广告中使用“恢复”和“近视治疗”等词。可知，在不久的将来，你不会看到有关“恢复”字样的治疗近视的广告了。故选A。

4．细节理解题。根据Around 30 percent for primary school students,可知，低年级学生容易近视。是不对的；所以选项A不对；根据The plan limits(限制) not only the time children play video games but also the production of new video games. 该计划不仅限制了儿童玩电子游戏的时间，而且还限制了新游戏的制作。可知，新视频游戏的生产受到限制。选项B. Production of new video games has been limited.与原文符合，因此B正确；根据Young people can prevent and control myopia by spending more time outside and less time in front of books or computers. 可知，减少户外时间有利于年轻人的视力而不是儿童的视力。所以选项C不对；根据Young people

can prevent and control myopia by spending more time outside and less time in front of books or computers. People who have eyesight problems should go to a hospital and let a doctor decide what to do.可知，本通知对保护年轻人的视力提出建议。而不是老年人。故选项D不对。所以本题正确的是选项B。

5．细节理解题。根据To reduce myopia among young people, the government made a new plan last August. The plan limits(限制) not only the time children play video games but also the production of new video games. 为了减少年轻人的近视，政府去年8月制定了一项新计划。该计划不仅限制了儿童玩电子游戏的时间，而且还限制了新游戏的制作。和句子Parents might have tried to do something to fix it, such as having their children get eye massages(按摩), take medicine or even get surgery. 父母可能会尝试做一些事情来解决这个问题，比如让他们的孩子做眼部按摩，吃药，甚至做手术。可知，这些都是政府和人们正在为拯救儿童的视力所做的。故选C。